

#### Center for

#### **Big Data Statistics**

#### From Experimental to Official Statistics: The Case of Solar Energy

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Energy Statistics Working Group

Luxembourg, 7 November 2019

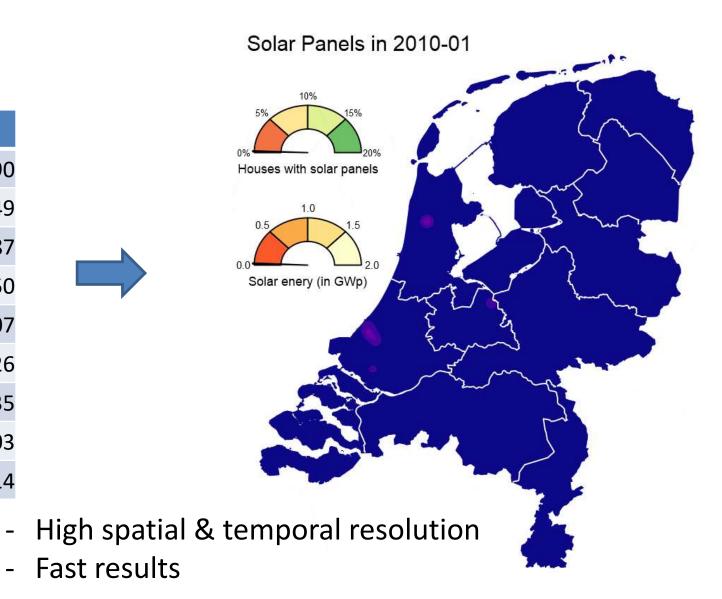




# **Desired Output?**

#### Solar energy

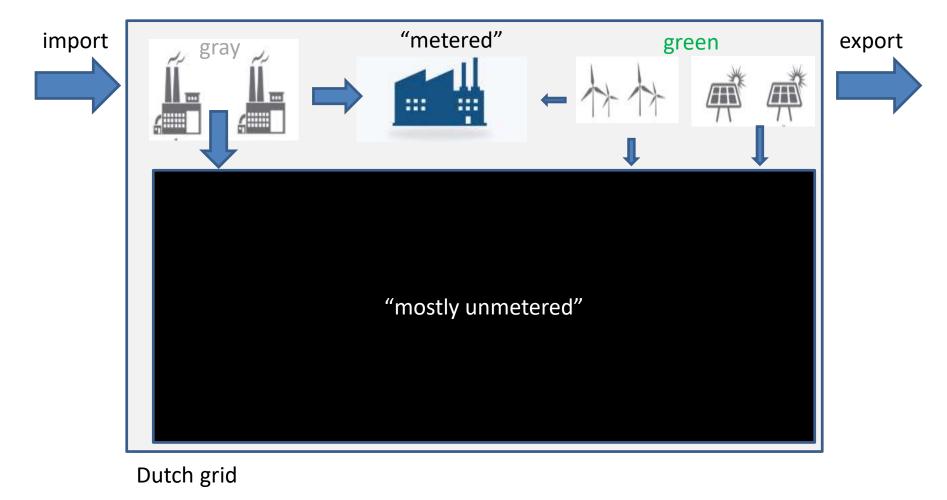
year	total installed power [MW]
2010	90
2011	149
2012	287
2013	650
2014	1.007
2015	1.526
2016	2.135
2017	2.903
2018	4.414



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# The challenge



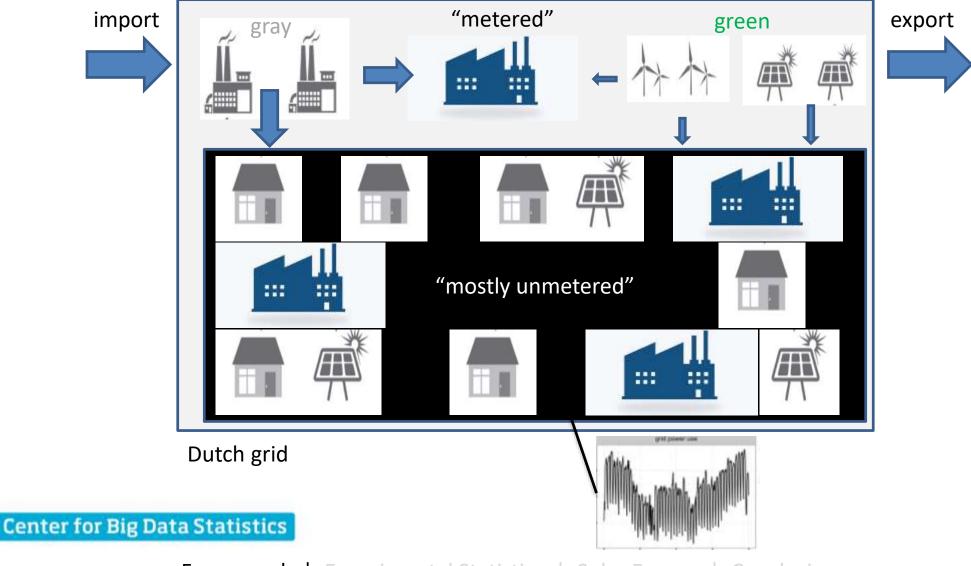
#### Balancing supply & demand!

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#### Inside the "black box"

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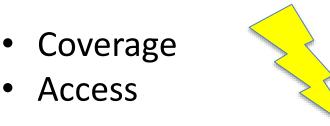


#### Life could be easy: smart meters



- + Direct measurement
- ? Quality sensor measurement







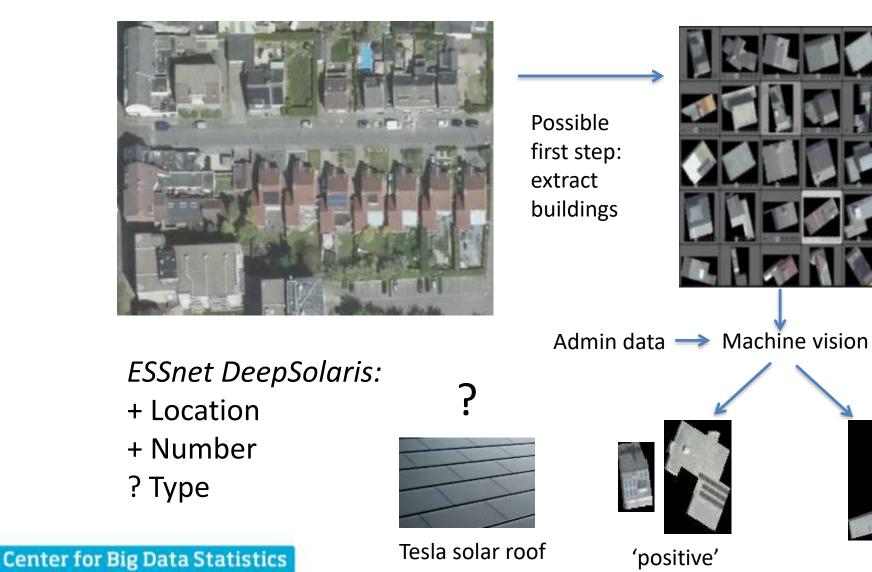
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Access

#### **Evaluate different data sources**

	Next of the second s					
	Survey (import)	Admin data (register)	Tax refund / subventions	Aerial images	Measured data	
ł	<ul><li>Direct</li><li>Type</li></ul>	<ul><li>Direct</li><li>Location</li><li>Type</li></ul>	<ul><li>Incentive</li><li>Location</li><li>Frequency</li></ul>	<ul><li>Coverage</li><li>Location</li><li>Frequency</li></ul>	<ul><li>Coverage</li><li>Location</li><li>Concept</li></ul>	
Э	<ul><li>Burden</li><li>Coverage</li><li>No location</li></ul>	Coverage?	<ul> <li>Started 2013</li> <li>Type &amp; power just estimate</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Type?</li> <li>Integrated panels?</li> <li>Effort</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Advanced models needed</li> </ul>	
Framework   Experimental Statistics   Solar Energy   Conclusions						

#### **Aerial images: extract solar panels**

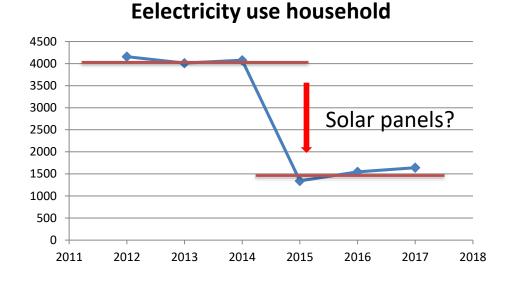




'negative'

#### **Energy savings (solar panels)**

- Yearly electricity consumption household
- No household dynamics



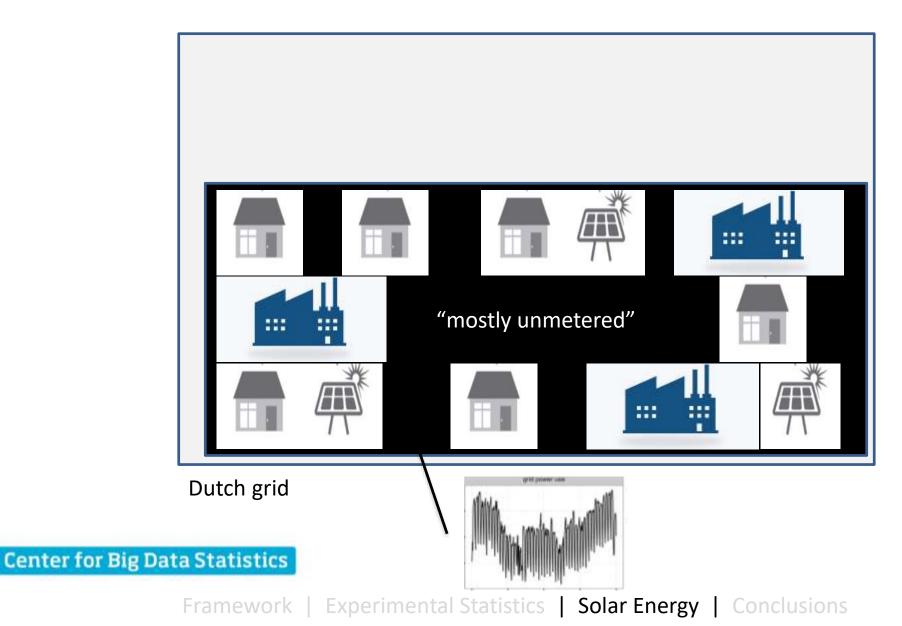
#### w. solar panels # households -10.000 -5.000 0 5.000 Savings in energy use



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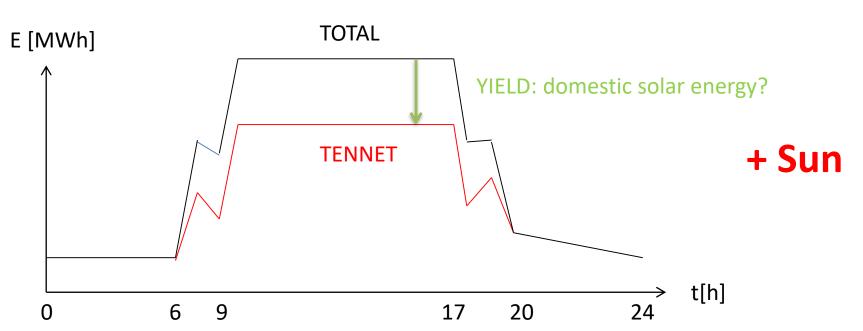
#### Back to the "black box"

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#### The basic idea

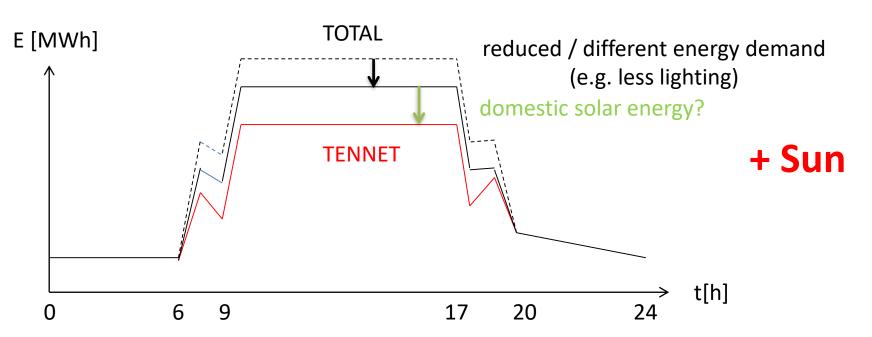


Schematic electricity demand during 1 day (unmetered part)



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#### The basic idea



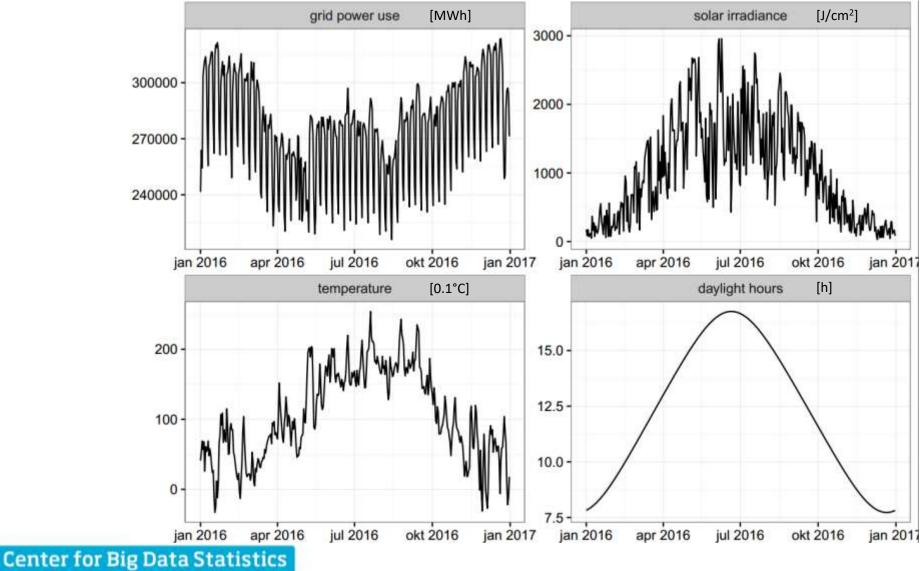
Schematic electricity demand during 1 day (unmetered part)



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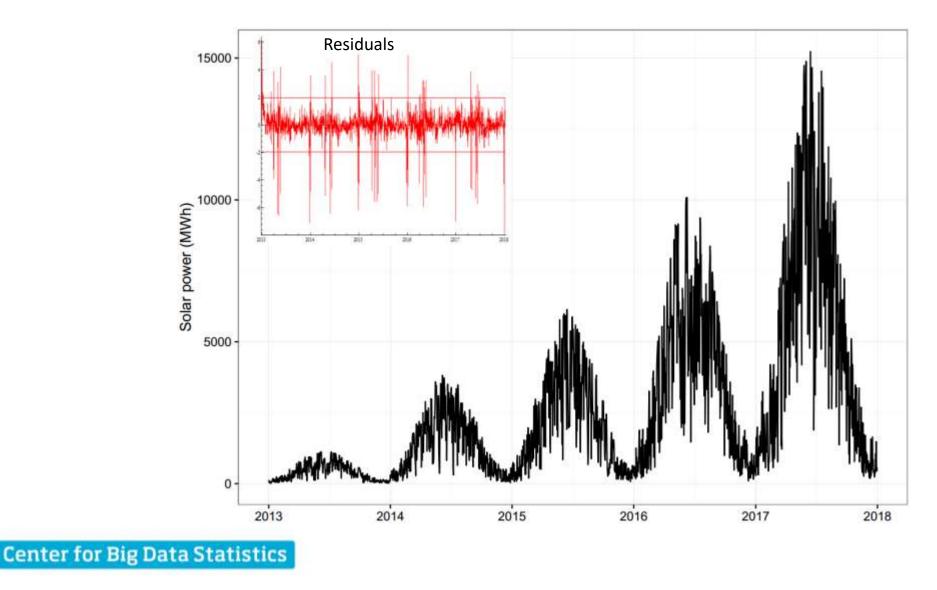
#### Input to the model

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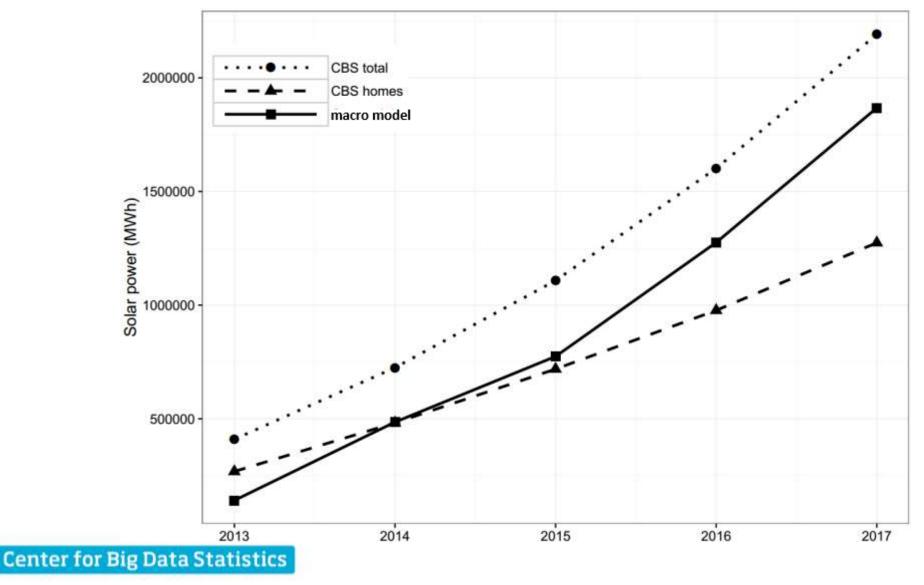
#### **Output: estimated solar power**

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#### **Output: compare methods**

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#### **Estimating solar energy from new data sources**



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We have good data on solar farms

# But what about those?

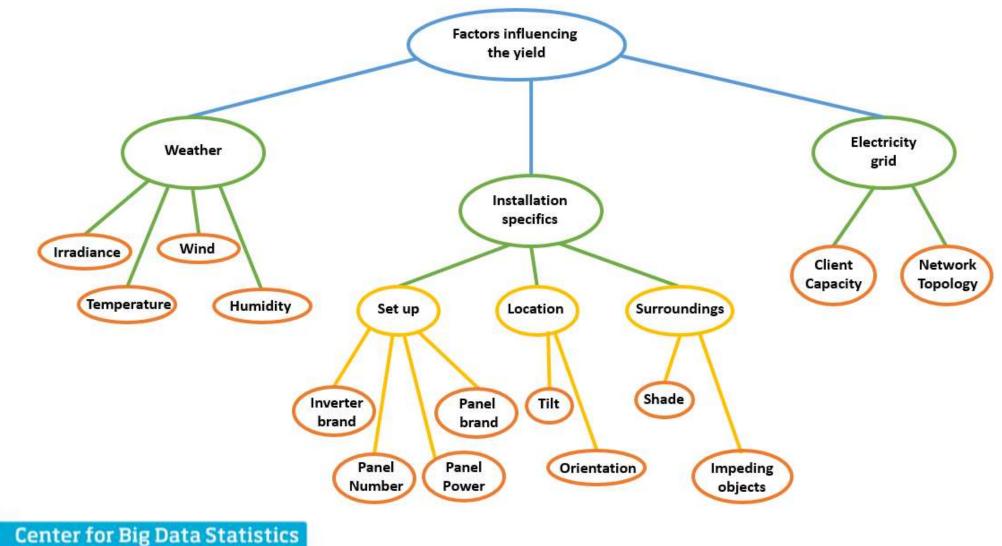


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#### and their number is increasing ...



#### **Factors influencing yield of PV installations**



#### **Estimating solar energy: current method**

- Yearly estimate for the whole of NL based on #panels in register
- Uses a *scaling constant* from the *Dutch Protocol Renewable Energy* (2015)
- Produced solar power calculated as:

 $P_{year} = \left(\frac{\sum_{n=1}^{N_1} W_n + \sum_{n=1}^{N_{365}} W_n}{2}\right) \frac{875 \, kWh}{kWp}$ 

# Can we do better?

using new data sources ...



#### Data source 1: PVOutput.org

- A free service hosted in Australia containing detailed *pv output data*
- People connect their panel to the data portal (citizen science)
- Can we use this to calibrate a model for detailed regional solar energy production?



Outer Circle: Energy Generation, Inner Circle: Installed Capacity Others: 4.12% Thailand: 0.84 % Greece: 0.84 % Denmark: 1.4% Belgium: 3.64 % Germany: 4.77 % Australia: 44.53 % Jnited Kingdom: 5.07% Italy: 7.88 % **Installed** Capacity Netherlands: 18.57 % United States: 12.399 Netherlands: 14.53 %

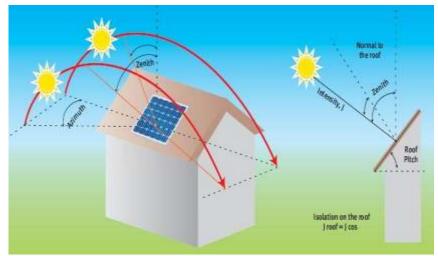
Country Statistics - Top 10

About 5700 installations in NL



#### **PVOutput Data**

- Output power (W) and energy (kWh) per 5 minutes
- Number of panels and panel capacity (W)
- System size (W)
- Orientation (NE, E, SE, S, SW, W, NW, N)
- Tilt (0-90 degrees)
- Inverter size
- Inverter brand
- Installation date
- Lat/lon + pc4



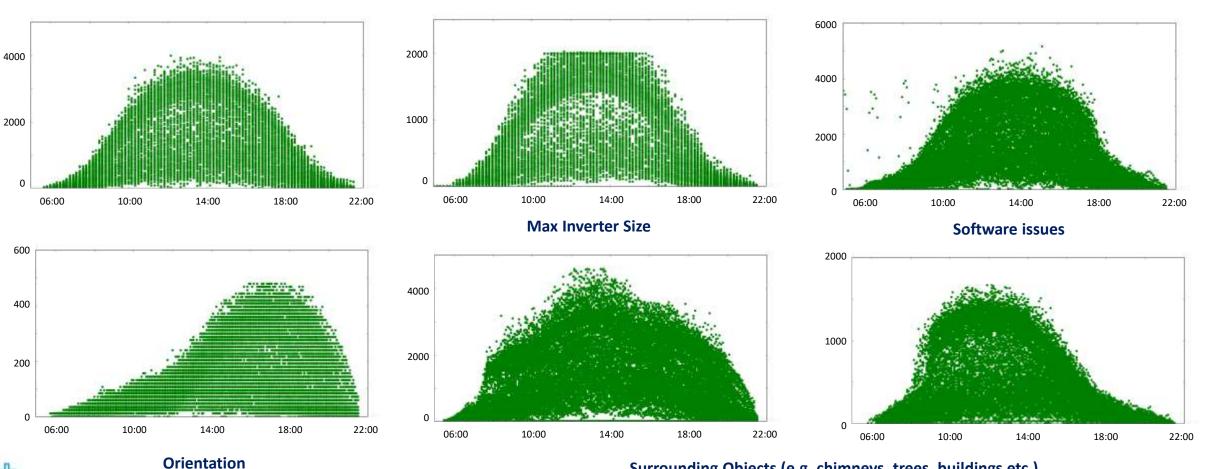


Installations with continuous data for whole year

Tilt and orientation

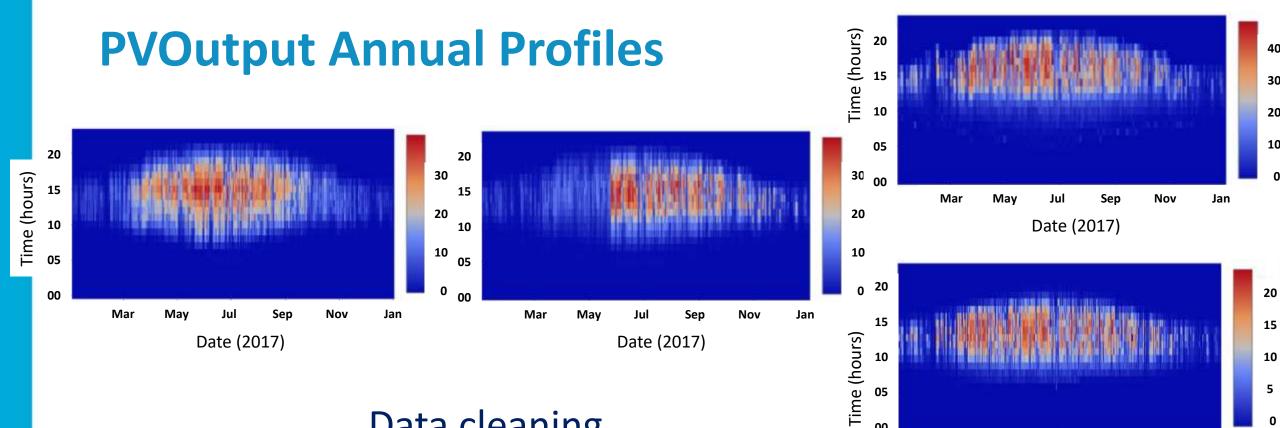
#### **PVOutput Daily Profiles**

Different yield patterns caused by several factors, e.g.: •



Surrounding Objects (e.g. chimneys, trees, buildings etc.)

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#### Data cleaning

PVOutput yields shows:

healthy patterns 

but also

mixed data quality



Daily set of reliable proutput installations based on 4 criteria

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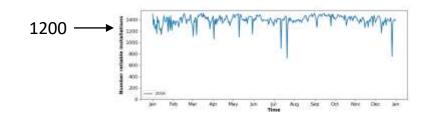
Jul

Date (2017)

Sep

Nov

Jan



# Data source 2: modelled irradiance data (KNMI)

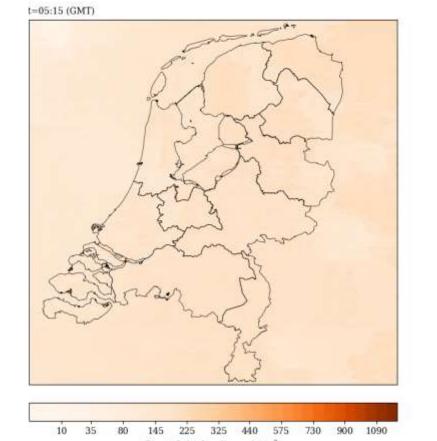


- Meteosat 2nd
- Every 15 min.
- Grid 3 km x 5 km

Direct Solar Irradiance in the Netherlands on 22-06-2017



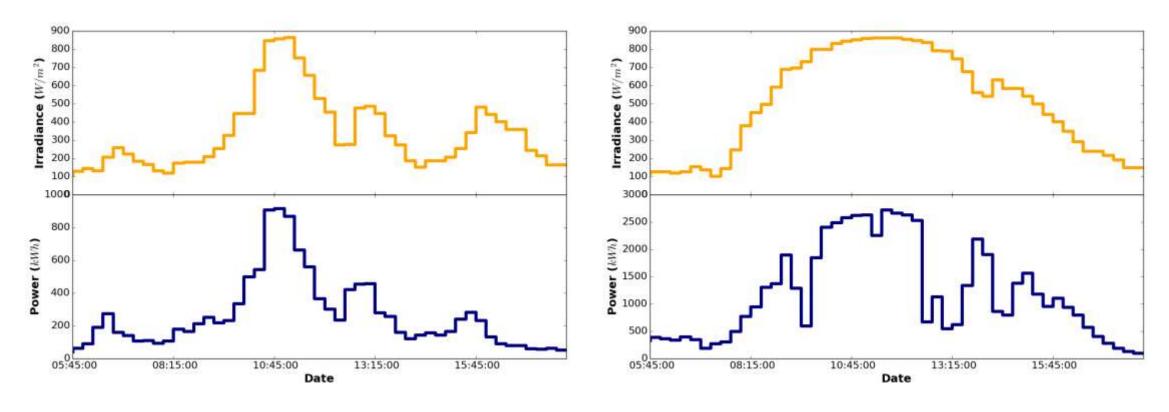
Direct Solar Irradiance in the Netherlands on 21-06-2017



Direct Solar Irradiance (W/m<sup>2</sup>) Available when Sun is more than 12 degrees above the horizon

# **Combining the two data sources (1)**

• Irradiance versus power on 2 different locations:



Power follows irradiance closely

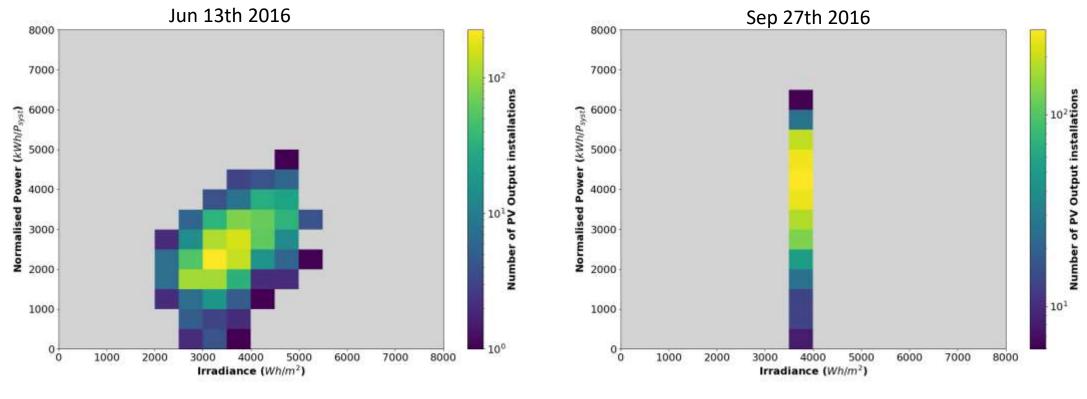
Some local effects



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# **Combining the two data sources (2)**

• 2D plane of irradiance and normalised power for 2 different days:



Day with varying irradiance over NL

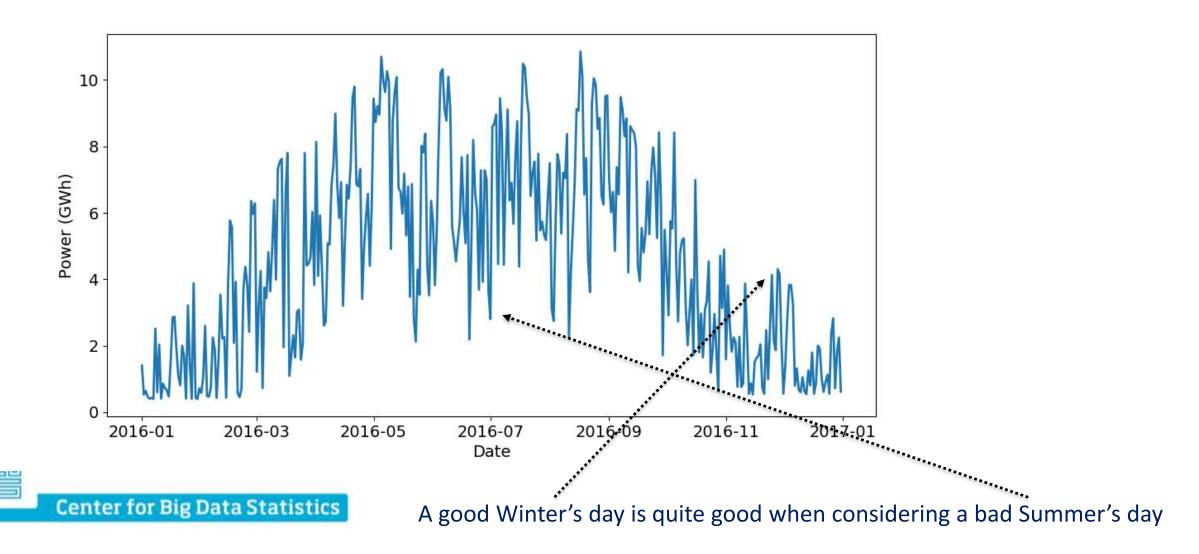
Exceptionally clear day over whole NL

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We take this as a 2D probability density function for estimating daily solar power.

### **Total daily solar power 2016**

Paper in preparation, B. Laevens: Towards an observational daily and regional solar energy statistic for the Netherlands



#### Conclusions

- Smart meter data is not yet available widely in NL, we use other data sources
- In the case of solar energy we use multiple approaches:
  - Register improvements using data on *tax refunds*
  - Analysis of *aerial data* for improving the solar panel register
  - Using *irradiance grid data* and *measured yields* from solar panels for building a model to determine detailed solar energy statistics
  - Building an experimental *macro model* from the high power grid and climate data to estimate the total domestic solar power generated in NL
- EU: please put *Bucharest memorandum* into work by releasing new *fundings* for modernisation of statistics based on new data sources, new skills and methodologies and new models
- NSIs: let's work *together* on innovation!

#### More info

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