Business register quality enhancement

WP3-UC5 members: CBS, HSL, SCB, SF, STATA

WIH-CON, June 12 2023, Brussels

Trusted Smart Statistics – Web Intelligence Network Grant Agreement: 101035829





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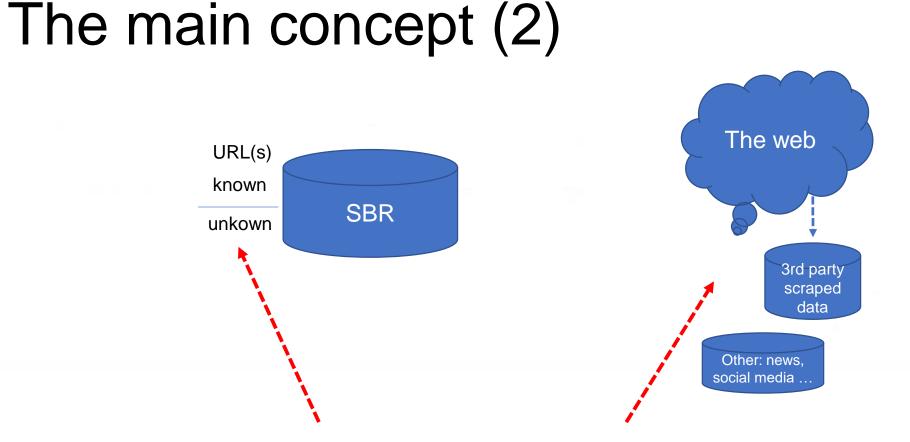
The main concept (1)



Statistical Business Register





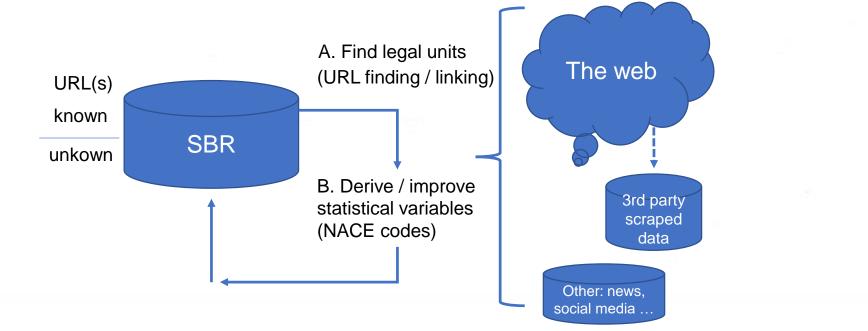


The ratio known/unknown is country-specific

Web data is more than websites only



The main concept (3)

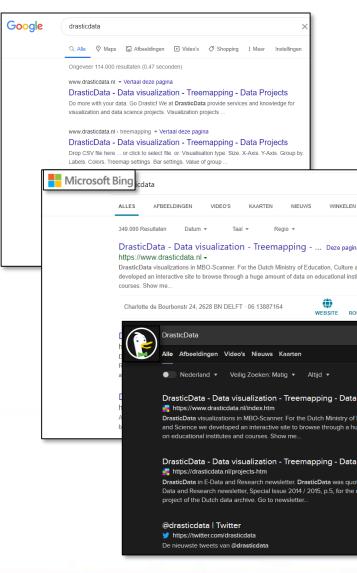




Search (1)

- To find or verify URLs for legal units (LUs)
- Automatically search on what we know from SBR
 - E.g. Name, address, municipality, id, and/or contact info
- Using a free or paid API
- Search engine leakage manageable:
 - Use paid/trusted search engines
 - Use search phrase wisely
 - Spread across search engines and in time

https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/cros/content/url-finding-methodology_en



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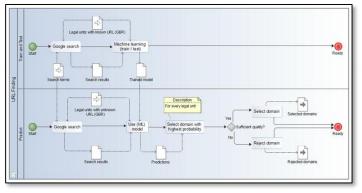




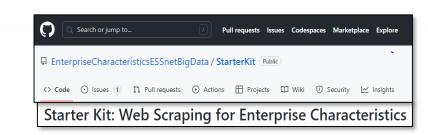
Search (2)

How to select the right URL from a list of search results?

- Using *snippet* and/or *extra scraping* step
- Use an *ML* model capturing the *search engine behaviour*:
 - Train and test on set of LUs with known URL
 - Predict URL from list of search results



https://github.com/SNStatComp/urlfinding



https://github.com/EnterpriseCharacteristicsESSnetBigData/StarterKit



Snippet examples

https://www.cbs.nl > en-gb

Statistics Netherlands - CBS The mission of Statistics Netherlands is to publish reliable and consistent statistical information, that responds to society's demands in this respect. Open data - Contact - Organisation - Consumer prices

The mission of Statistics Netherlands is to publish

https://www.cbs.nl : Translate this page : CBS Het CBS heeft als taak het publiceren van betrouwbare en samenhangende statistische informatie, die inspeelt op de behoefte van de samenleving. Search cbs.nl Q StatLine StatLine is de databank van het CBS. Het CBS bledt een schat ... Cijfers Het Centraal Bureau voor de Statistiek (CBS) publiceert ... Werken bij Het CBS beperkt zich tot de feiten. Hoe zit het werkelijk ..., Statistics Netherlands

Scrape

• Two types:

- Generic: no prior knowledge of site structure
- Specific: scraper is designed for specifics of website
- Focused scraper:
 - Gives priority to those parts of websites that are expected to contain valuable info, for example "about us" or "vacancies"
- National legislation might enforce *identifying information* on websites:
 - tax-id or COC-id
- Be aware of *n-to-m relationships* LU <-> website
 - LU might have multiple websites
 - Register the main website (if identified) or all?
 - Small business might be present only on business services portal listing many different small companies



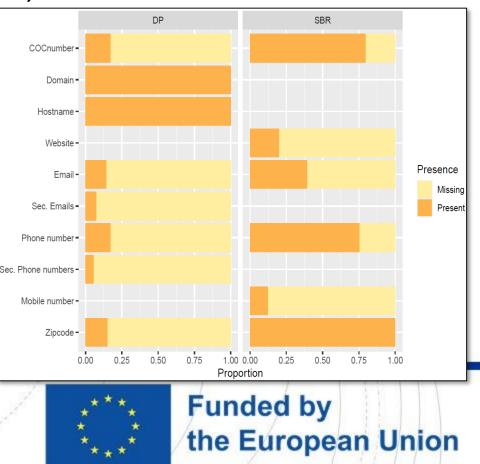
Link 3rd party web data

- Use web data collected by 3rd parties if added value is considerable
- NL > 2 yrs experience with DataProvider (DP) data
- Monthly datasets, linking to SBR
- Not always easy, gaps in data

Web Intelligence

Network

For ~15% of LUs a URL could be deduced



Train, predict, derive

NACE detection

• AT: Word-driven NACE-1 prediction (XGBoost)

## [1] "enterprise"	"company"	"unternehr	nen" " <u>home</u> "
## [5] "welcome"	"ueber"	"über uns"	"über"
## [9] "geschichte"	"about us"	" <u>uber</u> uns"	"about"
## [13] "unsere"	"willkomme	n" "produkt"	"product"
## [17] " <u>artikel</u> "	"article" '	organisation"	"dienstleistung"
## [21] "angebot"	"leistung"	"offer"	

- NL: Predict whether a registered NACE is incorrect
- SE: NACE detection experiments with KB-BERT method adapted and extended for Swedish language

Correcting or complement administrative information:

- HE: contact information discovery from websites
 - emails, classified into functional/high/medium/low

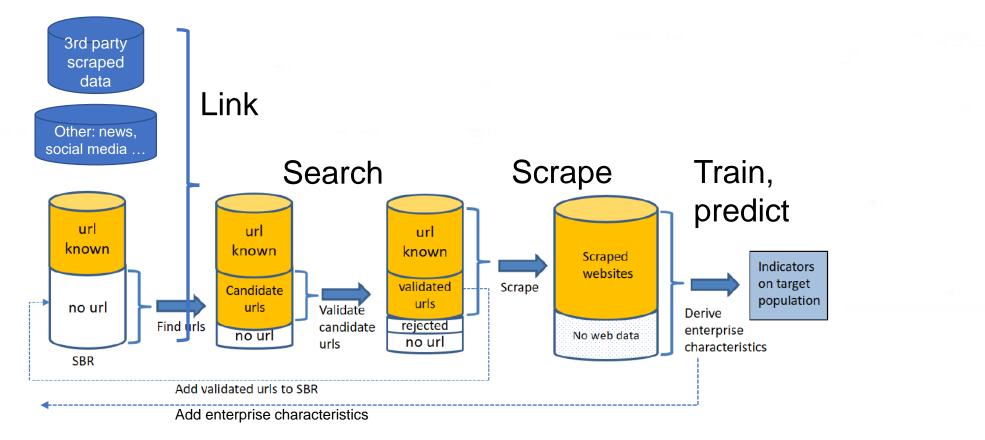


Other data sources

- Use domain registry for (additional) URL finding:
 - Degree of openness varies per country and domain
 - .nl domain is not open; .fi domain has public API
- Wikipedia / dbpedia / business collection portals
- News releases, social media
- Financial / annual reports
- OJAs



All together





All together: work in year 2 of project:

ESSnet Trusted Smart Statistics - Web Intelligence Network Grant Agreement Number: 101035829 - 2020-PL-SmartStat Work Package 3 New Use-cases Deliverable 3.2: WP3 2nd Interim technical report DRAFT version, 2023-02-27 Prepared by WP leader: Galya Stateva (BNSI, Bulgaria, gstateva@nsi.bg UC1 coordinator: Dominik Dabrowski (GUS, Poland) UC2 coordinator: Tobias.Gramlich (HSL. Germany) UC3 coordinator: Petrus Munter (SCB, Sweden) UC4 coordinator: Marek Cierpial-Wolan - (GUS, Poland) UC5 coordinator: Olav ten Bosch (CB5, Netherlands) UC6 coordinator: Pieter Vlag (SCB, Sweden) Contributors: Alexandra Ils – UC2, UC5 (HSL, Germany) Andreas May-Wachowius - UC1 (SSI-BBB, Germany) Arnout van Delden – UC5 (CBS, Netherlands) Bas Haverkort - UC5 (CBS, Netherlands) Heidi Kuhnemann – UC5 (HSL, Germany) Holger Leerhoff - UC2 (SSI-BBB, Germany) Johannes Gussenbauer – UC5 (STATA, Austria) Katja Löytynoja – UC1, UC5 (SF, Finland) Klaudia Peszat – UC1 (GUS, Poland) Kostadin Georgiev – UC1, UC3, UC4 (BNSI, Bulgaria) Łukasz Błaszczyk – UC4 (GU5, Poland) Naomi Schalken - UC5 (CBS, Netherlands) Nick de Wolf – UC5 (CBS, Netherlands) Peter Vlag - UC2, UC3, UC5 (SCB, Sweden) Pierre Lamarche – UC1 (INSEE, France) Szlachta Piotr – UC4 (GUS, Poland) Teodor Dinev (BNSI, Bulgaria) unded by Web Intelligence Network he European Union

Main topic	Detailed work	Update / New
URL finding	URL finding: updates on experiences from Statistics	Update
	Hesse (HE)	
	Update on linkage process at (NL)	Update
	Using domain registry data (FI)	New
	URL finding first experiences: finding domain registry	New
	data (SE)	
Business register	Update on NACE classification at Statistics Austria (AT)	Update
enhancement		
	Update on on detection of NACE misclassifications and	Update
	on NACE prediction (NL)	
	First experiences NACE detection (SE)	New
	Contact information discovery from enterprise websites	New
	(HE)	

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Deliverable 3.2: WP3 2nd Interim technical report



Zooming out: web data and survey design (1)

BIGSURV18 CONFERENCE, WWW.BIGSURV18.ORG, OCTOBER 25-27, 2018, BARCELONA, SPAIN

Web scraping meets survey design: combining forces

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Abstract

Web scraping – the automatic collection of data on the Internet – has been used increasingly by national statistical institutes (NSIs) to reduce the response burden, to speed up statistics, to derive new indicators, to explore background variables or to characterise (sub) populations. These days it is heavily used in the production of price statistics. In other domains it has proven to be a valuable way to study the dynamics of a phenomenon before designing a new costly statistical production chain or to supplement administrative sources and metadata systems. Technical and legal aspects of web scraping are crucial but also manageable. The main challenge in using web scraped data for official statistics is of a methodological nature. Where survey variables are designed by an NSI and administrative sources are generally well-defined and well-structured, data extraction from the web is neither under NSI control nor well-defined or well-structured. A promising approach however is to combine high-quality data from traditional sources with web data that are more volatile, that are usually unstructured and badly-defined but in many cases also richer and more frequently updated. In this paper we reflect on the increasing use of web scraping in official statistics and report on our experiences and he lessons we learned. We identify the successes and challenges and we philosophise how to combine survey methodology with big data web scraping practices.

Can we guery the web source(s) per statistical unit? ves no Probability sample from population register Can we identify a statistical unit from Bias? the scraped data? small large ves no Combine with additional done (survev)data Can we cluster the scraped data into Calculate coverage < statistical aggregates or use auxiliary Large small variables to identify units? ves no Pseudo-design This is a convenience sample, use it as a fast beta based estimate indicator if strong correlation is proven. Figure 1: web scraping in the context of survey design.

General workflow for any web source

BigSurv2018

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/327385487_Web_scraping_meets_survey_design_combining_forces







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Future

Web

Vetv

- What can web data tell us about enterprise networks?
- Can AI, such as Chat-GPT help us finding websites or deriving variables?

Can you give me the info on the small company called 'DrasticData' in Delft?
I'm sorry, but as an AI language model, I do not have access to real-time information about specific companies, such as DrasticData in Delft. However, I can suggest a few ways to obtain information about the company:

- Do you know websites that provide data on many small Dutch companies?
- Yes, there are several websites that provide data on many small Dutch companies. Some of the most popular ones include:
 - 1. Company.info: This website provides information on more than 2 million Dutch companies, including financial information, company profiles, and contact details.
 - Graydon.nl: Graydon is a credit management company that offers a database of Dutch companies that includes financial and business information, credit risk ratings, and other insights.
 - KvK.nl: The Chamber of Commerce in the Netherlands maintains a public register of companies, including small businesses. This register can be accessed online and provides basic information such as the company name, address, and type of business.
 OpenCompanies.nl: This website provides information on Dutch companies, including

Vhat is the most popular	search engine ir	the Netherlands?

The most popular search engine in the Netherlands is Google. According to StatCounter, as of February 2023, Google holds approximately 94% of the search engine market share in the Netherlands, followed by Bing with 3.2% and Yahoo with 1.2%. Other search engines such as DuckDuckGo and Ecosia have smaller market shares in the country.



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Wrap up

- The web is a rich source on enterprise information for official statistics
- Starting from a Statistical Business Register we use a mix of searching, scraping, linking 3rd party web data and machine learning to enhance the business register
- Be aware of n-to-m relationships LU <-> web data
- Other sources can be domain registry, news, social media, OJAs
- This fits into a more general view: web data and survey design
- Future topics: enterprise networks, AI



Questions / ideas welcome

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- Pieter Vlag (SCB, Sweden)
- and others

